

## **2016 Year End Case Summary St. Francis Medical Center**

In 2016 St. Francis Medical Center accessioned 752 new cases. Of those cases, 624 were analytic cases, or cases that were diagnosed and/or received their first course treatment at St. Francis. The American Cancer Society estimated 43,190 new cases in Virginia. St. Francis accounts for 1.74% of those cases.

Top 10 sites in 2016 were Breast (240 analytic cases), Lung (62 analytic cases), Prostate (52 analytic cases), Colon (43 analytic cases), Kidney (36 analytic cases), Lymphoma (30 analytic cases), Corpus Uteri (14 analytic cases), Pancreas (9 analytic cases), Rectum/Recto-sigmoid (9 analytic cases), and Stomach (7 analytic cases). Nationally the top 5 sites for women were estimated to be breast, lung, colon & rectum, corpus uteri, and thyroid. For men, the top 5 sites were prostate, lung, colon & rectum, bladder, and melanoma of skin.

Comparison of the top 10 sites showed that hematopoietic and bladder cases in 2015 fell off the top 10 in 2016 and were replaced by rectum and stomach. Both rectum and stomach had a decrease in number of cases when compared to number of cases in 2015. There was an increase of breast cases by 13.8%, 33.3% increase in lymphoma and a 21.4% increase in corpus uteri. Sites that showed a decrease were Lung (-11.9%), Prostate (-39.3%), Kidney (-30.5%), and Pancreas (-27.7%). Colon remained the same with no change.

At diagnosis, 470 patients were women and 282 were men. 569 patients were white (76%), 165 were African American (22%), and 2% were reported as other races. 123 (16%) were diagnosed between age 0-49. Between 50-79 there were 645 patients which accounts for 71% and 97 (13%) patients were 80+.

At time of initial diagnosis, 57 patients (9%) had stage 0 disease, 173 (28%) had stage I, 153 (25%) had stage II, 70 (11%) had stage III, 81 (13%) presented with stage IV disease, 24 (3%) were unknown stage, and 66 (11%) weren't applicable for staging.

St. Francis continues to grow and provide excellent services and resources to cancer patients through patient navigation, psychosocial services, The American Cancer Society, as well as the medical and radiation oncology physicians on site.